## **Event 2 – Force Options – ARCON**

Session 20 – Strikes LD 33 – Arrest and Control

**Date Revised:** 11/06/19

**Event Goal:** To teach recruit officers when and how to use reasonable force.

**Session Goal:** To teach recruit officers how to control a combative suspect using strikes.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- Describe parts of an officer's body that may be used as personal weapons during an arrest/detention to control a combative and/or resistive subject [33.I.C]
- Students will use strikes to control a combative suspect.
- The student will demonstrate an understanding of how our Department's guiding value of Reverence for Human Life is the moral and ethical foundation of de-escalation, tactics, reasonable force, and officer safety.
- By the conclusion of the training, students will understand how the application of this training is in keeping with our Department's UOF policy, philosophy and tactical planning.

Session Time: 2 hours

#### **Resources:**

- Mat room
- First aid kit/AED
- Boxing gloves (1 per pair of students)
- Focus mitts (1 per pair of students)
- MMA gloves (1 per pair of students)

**Session Summary:** Students will participate in a facilitated discussion regarding the use of personal weapons, reverence for human life, and de-escalation. They will then practice striking techniques.

Outline	Instructor Notes
	<b>Facilitated discussion</b> (in classroom formation, 5 minutes):
Personal weapons [1]     A. General guidelines	[1] Ask – What are personal weapons?
<ol> <li>Be aware of the suspect using personal weapons [2]</li> </ol>	[2] Ask – Why do officers have to be extremely aware of suspects using
<ul> <li>a. Punches are one of the most common suspect attacks</li> </ul>	personal weapons?
<ul><li>b. Especially during ground control situations where you are in close contact</li></ul>	[3] Ask – What body parts can an officer use as a personal weapon?

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- 2. Body parts a peace officer can use as a personal weapon [3][33.1.C]
  - a. Hand/fist
  - b. Elbow
  - c. Forearm
  - d. Knee
  - e. Shin
  - f. Foot
- B. Target zones for strikes and kicks per LAPD Directive [4]
  - 1. Shoulders
  - 2. Chest
  - 3. Arms
  - 4. Abdomen
  - 5. Sides
  - 6. Legs
  - 7. Buttocks
  - 8. Intentional strikes to the head should be avoided in most circumstances
- C. Reverence for human life [5]
  - 1. Guiding principle in any use of force situation
  - 2. It is both moral and ethical to place the highest value on human life
  - 3. Not policy, but a philosophy for how to approach police work
  - 4. Consistent with the department's mission, vision, and values
  - 5. Helps build public trust
  - 6. Using tactical de-escalation techniques and reasonable force demonstrates this principle
- D. Tactical de-escalation policy [6]
  - 1. Officers shall attempt to control an incident
  - 2. By using time, distance, communications, and available resources
  - 3. To de-escalate the situation
  - 4. Whenever it is safe and reasonable to do so
- E. Strikes
  - 1. Lead hand jab [7]
    - a. Key points
      - 1) Bone alignment from your knuckles to your wrist, elbow, and shoulder
      - Strike with the big two knuckles of your lead hand
      - The strike can also be thrown with the heel of the hand (palm/heel strike)

[4] Ask – What are the target zones for personal weapons per LAPD policy?

- [5] Ask How can using personal weapons demonstrate a reverence for human life?
- Give some examples of when it would be reasonable to use personal weapons.
- Give an example of when it would not be reasonable to use personal weapons.
- **[6] Ask** What is the department policy on attempting to de-escalate prior to using force?
- Warm up and stretch
- Note: All instructor notes regarding the number of repetitions may be modified by the instructor based on the needs of the students, to achieve proficiency.
- [7] Demonstrate and drill Lead hand jab
- Demonstrate
- Break down key points and common mistakes
- Practice footwork across the mat room
- Drill step by step (using focus mitts)
  - Start slow (15-20 reps)
  - Allow students to practice on their own with increasing speed (15-20 reps)
- Practice jabbing and moving (6-8 reps)

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- 4) Punch straight out
- 5) Bring your striking hand back immediately
- 6) The strike comes back as fast as it went out
- 7) Keep your chin tucked behind the shoulder of your striking arm
- 8) Power comes from the core and hips
- 9) Turn your hips as you strike for power
- 10) Breathe out when striking
- 11) Keep your rear hand up to protect your face
- b. Common mistakes
  - Not bringing your hand back immediately
  - 2) Looping the strike instead of punching straight
  - 3) Dropping your rear hand
  - 4) No base/off balance
- 2. Rear hand cross [8]
  - a. Key points
    - 1) Bone alignment from your knuckles to your wrist, elbow, and shoulder
    - 2) Strike with the big two knuckles of vour rear hand
    - The strike can also be thrown with the heel of the hand (palm/heel strike)
    - 4) Punch straight out
    - 5) Bring your striking hand back immediately
    - 6) The strike comes back as fast as it went out
    - 7) Pivot on the ball of the rear foot
    - 8) Turn your hips explosively for power
    - 9) Keep your chin tucked behind the shoulder of your striking arm
    - 10) Breathe out when striking
    - 11) Keep your lead hand up to protect your face
  - b. Common mistakes
    - Not bringing the hand back immediately
    - 2) Looping the strike instead of punching straight out
    - 3) Dropping your lead hand

Drill double jab (6-8 reps)

# [8] Demonstrate and drill – Rear hand cross

- Demonstrate
- Break down key points and common mistakes
- Drill step by step (using focus mitts)
  - Start slow (15-20 reps)
  - Allow students to practice on their own with increasing speed (15-20 reps)
- Combo drill (8-10 reps)
  - o Jab
  - Cross
- Combo drill (8-10 reps)
  - o Double jab
  - Cross

[9] Demonstrate and drill – Elbow strike

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- 4) No base/off balance
- 3. Elbow strike [9]
  - a. Key points
    - 1) Bring your hand to your chest with your palm facing down
    - 2) Pivot on the ball of your foot
    - 3) Turn your hips explosively towards the target
    - Keep your arm relaxed and allow your elbow to swing towards the target
    - 5) Strike with last two inches of the bony portion of the elbow
    - 6) Keep your opposite hand up to protect your face
    - 7) Power comes from your core/hips
    - 8) Finish in fighting stance
  - b. Common mistakes
    - 1) Not pivoting on the balls of the feet
    - 2) Dropping the hands
    - 3) Being flat footed
    - 4) No base/off balance
- 4. Absorption block [10]
  - a. Key points
    - 1) Lower your center of gravity
    - 2) Grab the back of your head with an open hand
    - 3) Keep your elbow and forearm tight to your head and face
    - 4) Keep your chin tucked and eyes up
    - 5) Slightly roll with the punch
    - 6) For a body shot, side crunch your elbow and lift your hip
    - 7) Be ready to counterattack
  - b. Common mistakes
    - Space between your arm and your head
    - 2) Elbow flared out instead of tight to the center
    - 3) Dropping your hand/arm too much on body shots

- Demonstrate
- Break down key points and common mistakes
- Drill step by step (using focus mitts)
  - Start slow (15-20 reps)
  - Allow students to practice on their own with increasing speed (15-20 reps)

## [10] Demonstrate and drill – Absorption block

- Demonstrate
- Break down key points and common mistakes
- Drill step by step (using focus mitts)
  - Start slow, one step at a time (8-10 reps per step)
  - Combine steps until the students are fluid in their technique
  - Allow students to practice on their own with increasing speed (15-20 reps per side)
- Combo drill (8-10 reps)
  - Absorption block
  - Cross