EV03 - Pedestrian Stop Session 17 - LD 15 Review LD15 - Laws of Arrest

Date Revised: 09/16/2019

Course Goal: To review the concepts of pedestrian stops and apply them to practical scenarios.

Learning Objective:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the amendments to the U.S. Constitution and similar sections of the California Constitution that are related to the authority, liability, and responsibility they have in making arrests.
- Recognize that a consensual encounter is a face-to-face contact with a person under circumstances, which would cause a reasonable person to believe they are free to leave or otherwise not cooperate.
- Recognize that a temporary detention is an assertion of authority that is less than an arrest but more substantial than a consensual encounter.
- Demonstrate an understanding of complying with statutory rules of arrest in order to properly exercise their authority and responsibility while avoiding potential liability when making arrests.

Session Time: 1 Hour

Resources:

- Classroom
- Outside location to practice pedestrian stops.

Summary: The instructor will lead a facilitated discussion accompanied with learning activities with the whole class.

Outline	Instructor's Notes
No new material to cover.	Review pedestrian stop concepts as needed. Also, review and discuss the events from the last session which included the "Pedestrian Stop Scenarios." If time permits, conduct more scenarios. TTS 15.8.A.1 - 15.8.A.4 Run learning activity Note: See last page for learning activity

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Learning Activity – Ped Stop Application

Purpose: To provide students with the opportunity to apply the pedestrian stop in practical application.

Description:

- 1. Use the below scenarios or the facilitator may develop their own scenarios to cover the learning needs.
- 2. Scenarios should build in difficulty. Begin with a basic consensual encounter, building to a reasonable suspicion and detention concluding with probable cause and arrest.
- 3. Have two recruits role play as officers.
- 4. Allow the recruits to negotiate the scenarios utilizing their communication skills and knowledge of the law to resolve the scenario.

Law Scenarios:

- Officers are patrolling a high narcotics / gang area when they observed the suspect commit a jaywalking violation. Suspect is armed with a gun, but is cooperative with the officers. Suspect, who resides in the area, is not on parole / probation nor linked to the narcotics / gang activity in the area. If questioned, about prior criminal activity, the suspect will advise that he was arrested five years ago for ADW.
- Officers are patrolling a high narcotics / gang area when they observed the suspect
 commit a jaywalking violation. Suspect is armed with a gun, but is cooperative with the
 officers. Suspect, who resides in the area, is not on parole / probation nor linked to the
 narcotics / gang activity in the area. If questioned, about prior criminal activity, the
 suspect will advise that he was never arrested. If asked, the suspect will submit to a
 consent search.
- Officers are patrolling a high narcotics / gang area when they observed the suspect commit a jaywalking violation. When confronted by the officers, the suspect, who does not like the police, becomes belligerent with the officers. Suspect, who resides in the area, is not on parole / probation nor linked to the narcotics / gang activity in the area. If questioned, about prior criminal activity, the suspect will advise that he has never been arrested. The suspect may be armed with a legal weapon such as a knife, screwdriver, pliers, etc...

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- Officers are patrolling a high narcotics / gang area when they observed the suspect commit a jaywalking violation. As the officers approach the suspect, the suspect turns away from the officers and discreetly tosses a gun into the bushes. Suspect should ensure not to create a use of deadly force situation. Suspect, who resides in the area, is not on parole / probation nor linked to the narcotics / gang activity in the area. If questioned, about prior criminal activity, the suspect will advise that he was never arrested.
- Officers are patrolling a high narcotics / gang area when they observed the suspect
 commit a jaywalking violation. Suspect is armed with a gun, but is cooperative with the
 officers. Suspect, who resides in the area, is not linked to the narcotics / gang activity in
 the area. If asked, the suspect will advise that he is currently on parole / probation for
 burglary.
- Instructors may also create other variations of the above scenarios to test the recruits' knowledge in the areas of laws of arrest and search & seizure.

Resources needed:

- Outdoor location to practice pedestrian stops.
- Inert hand guns
- Radios

Handouts:

• None

Time required: 1.0 Hour