Date Revised: December/2019

Course Goal: To develop basic knowledge how drugs affect the body, types of controlled substance and basic laws dealing with possession, possession for sales and officer safety.

Session Goal: Recruit officer will have an understanding of laws regarding the use, possession, and sales of a controlled substance.

Learning Objectives:

- Recognize the crime elements required to arrest for transporting/selling/furnishing, etc
 of a controlled substance, cultivating or harvesting marijuana, manufacturing a
 controlled substance, and possession of precursor chemicals for manufacturing.
 [12.III.A.5,6,7,]
- Identify the characteristics of a clandestine lab/illegal marijuana cultivation. [12.IV.A]
- Identify types of clandestine labs/illegal marijuana cultivation. [12.IV.B]
- Identify the required safety precautions when securing a clandestine lab/illegal marijuana cultivation. [12.IV.C]

Session Time: 1 hour

Resources:

- Laptop with media software and power point developed for this Session.
- LD 12

Session Summary: In this session the class will be separated by groups and a drug category will be assigned to each group. The groups will be given time to read their portion and create a presentation to teach the material to the class. Upon completion of each presentation, the instructor will discuss any content that was omitted.

Outline	Instructor Notes
A. Transporting/Selling/Furnishing of a	
Controlled Substance.	[12.III.A.5]
 Every person who transports, sells, 	
imports, furnishes, offers, administers, or gives away any controlled substance in the state of California, unless upon the written prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or veterinarian licensed to practice in this state, has committed a crime.	Lecture: Transporting/Selling/Furnishing and related sections.
Transporting/selling/furnishing/offe ring of a controlled substance is covered by numerous sections	

within the Health and Safety Code.
The following lists the crimes
related to
transportation/sales/furnish, etc., of
controlled substances:

- a. 11352 HS Transport, sale, give away, etc., of controlled substances: heroin, cocaine, etc. Classification felony.
- b. 11379 HS Transport, sale, furnish controlled substances: amphetamine and methamphetamine, LSD, Ecstasy, etc. Classification felony.
- c. 11379.5 HS Transport, sale, furnish controlled substances (PCP). Classification felony.
- d. 11360 HS Transport, sale, import, giveaway of marijuana and concentrated marijuana. Classification felony.
- e. 11355 HS Substance provided in lieu of controlled substance.
 Classification misdemeanor/ felony.
- f. Giveaway of less than one ounce of marijuana is a misdemeanor. (Health and Safety Code 11360(b))
- 3. Necessary crime elements include:
 - a. Actual control or constructive possession.
 - b. Specific intent to transport, sell, furnish, or offer.
 - c. Any amount (i.e., usable quantity).
- 4. Intent to transport a controlled substance specifically involves a vehicle, motorized scooter, bicycle and any other similar forms of transportation, or aircraft. Some factors worth noting might be:

[12.III.C]

Lecture: Crime Classifications

- a. Vehicle registration.
- b. Maps or notes bearing destination.
- c. Indicators of cash purchases, such as, common carrier tickets receipts (i.e., airline or bus).
- d. Hidden compartments.
- 5. Trafficking.
 - a. Commercial or WholesaleQuantities (multi-pounds).Common trafficking methods:
 - 1) Private aircraft, vessel, vehicles.
 - 2) Commercial cargo.
 - 3) Body packs.
 - 4) False bottom suitcases.
 - Personal or Smaller Quantities.
 Common trafficking methods
 may be attached to or in body
 cavities.
- 6. False compartments.
 - a. 11366.8. HS False compartment.
 - Possession of a false compartment occurs when any person possesses, uses, or controls a false compartment with the intent to store, conceal, smuggle, or transport a controlled substance.
- 7. Loitering with intent.
 - a. Loitering with the intent to use or sell controlled substances (Health and Safety Code 11532)
 - 1) Loitering in a public place.
 - 2) High crime neighborhood.
 - 3) Act as "lookout".
 - 4) Use hand signals or other forms of communication to summon purchasers of illegal drugs (Nextel walkie talkies).
 - 5) Transfer of small objects or packages for currency in a furtive fashion.

Lecture: Loitering with intent

- 6) Impedes traffic (vehicular/pedestrian).
- 7) Prior controlled substances convictions (within last 5 years).
- 8) Attempts to conceal self or any object that could be used for drug activity.
- to 11365 HS Being present in a room or place where designated controlled substances smoked or used; aiding or abetting.
- c. This section shall apply only where the defendant aids, assists, or abets the perpetration of the unlawful smoking or use of a controlled substance(s).
- d. Some of the exceptions are marijuana, hash, or hash oil.
- 8. 11366 HS Operating, opening, or maintaining a drug house. Any place for the purpose of unlawfully selling, giving away, or using any controlled substance which is a narcotic drug classified in Schedule III, IV, V shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than one year or the state prison.

Play: Video Clip #9.

This clip depicts a hand-to-hand drug transaction. Have the learning teams discuss the video.

Utilizing CAPRA to determine the following:

- What was said or done?
- How did the drug transaction occur?
- Where did the buyer keep his money?
- What did the seller do with the money?
- Where did the seller keep his drugs?
- What did the buyer do with the drugs?
- What crimes occurred?