**Instructional Goal:** To provide students with an update to terrorist operation, refresh knowledge and skills in the use of PPE, and refresh general protective response actions.

**<u>Performance Objective:</u>** Using lecture and learning activities the student will:

- Demonstrate the ability to donning and doffing of an Air Purifying Respirator (APR)
- Recognize fit factor on Quantifit Fit Test Machine of the Air Purifying Respirator
- Recognize Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosive (CBRNE) Incidents
- Recognize Chemical Warfare Agent Indicators
- Recognize Terrorist Surveillance Activities

# I. COURSE OVERVIEW

- A. Welcome and Instructor Introductions
  - 1. Instructor Experience
  - 2. Course Logistics
- B. Unit and Course Objectives
  - 1. Fit Test on Quantifit Machine to include Donning and Doffing of APR
  - 2. Identify potential targets
  - 3. Implement appropriate response actions
- C. Student Introductions
  - 1. Student Experience
  - 2. Student Expectations
- D. Course Structure
  - 1. Fit Testing on Quantifit Fit Test Machine
  - 2. Terrorist Threats
  - 3. Targets
  - 4. Prevention and Deterrence Activities
  - 5. CBRNE Hazards
  - 6. Incident Command and Law Enforcement Response Actions
- E. Successful Course Completion
  - 1. Post test
  - 2. Certificate of Completion

# II. TERRORIST THREAT

- A. Unit Objectives
  - 1. Familiarize student(s) with potential terrorist threats
  - 2. Identify various indicators of terrorist activities

- B. Historical Perspective of Terrorism
  - 1. Past terrorist acts in this country
  - 2. Highly successful tactic
  - 3. Global threat to society

#### C. Domestic Targeting of United States Interest

- 1. Definition of Terrorism
- 2. Domestic Terrorism
- 3. Right Wing Terrorism
- 4. Left Wing Terrorism
- 5. Special Interest Groups
- D. International Targeting of United States Interest
  - 1. Definition of International Terrorism
  - 2. Al-Qaeda
  - 3. Hizballah
  - 4. Revolutionary Armed Forces of Columbia (FARC)
- E. Intelligence and Information Collection
  - 1. Definition of information
  - 2. Information collection
  - 3. Definition of intelligence
  - 4. Terrorist Screening Center (TSC)
  - 5. National Security Intelligence

#### F. Organization of Terrorist Groups

- 1. Leadership
- 2. Recruitment
- 3. Support
- 4. Target Selection
- G. Reasons Terrorist Might Use CBRNE
  - 1. Cost
  - 2. Effectiveness
  - 3. Detection
  - 4. Maximum Benefit
- H. Indicators of Terrorist Activity
  - 1. Indicators of Surveillance
  - 2. Indicators of Logistical Planning
  - 3. Possible Suicide Bomber Indicators
- I. Terrorist Threat Scenario

- 1. Learning Activity
- 2. Debrief, and Discuss
- J. Conclusion
  - 1. Review domestic and international terrorist organizations
  - 2. Review information versus intelligence
  - 3. Review different indicators of terrorist activities

#### III. TARGETS

- A. Unit Objectives
  - 1. Assist Responders in identifying local potential targets
  - 2. Familiarize students on vulnerability assessments
- B. Critical Infrastructure Sectors
  - 1. Outline the National Strategy for the Physical Protection of Critical Infrastructure and Key Assets
  - 2. Identify eleven infrastructure sectors vital to our nations

Interest, and discuss sectors

- C. Key Assets
  - 1. Identification of key assets and symbolic locations
  - 2. Discuss impact on public health, safety, public confidence, and the economy
- D. Target Selection
  - 1. Why terrorists target critical infrastructure and key assets
  - 2. Direct infrastructure effects
  - 3. Indirect infrastructure effects
  - 4. Exploitation of infrastructure
- E. Vulnerability Analysis
  - 1. Definition of vulnerability as it relates to critical Infrastructure analysis
  - 2. Protection of targets
  - 3. Intelligence and information analysis as key components
- F. Target Scenario
  - 1. Learning Activity
  - 2. Debrief and discuss options
- G. Conclusion
  - 1. Review 11 sectors called Critical Infrastructure Sectors
  - 2. Review five groups of key assets that are not critical to the

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continuity of vital services

3. Review several reasons why terrorists would target our critical infrastructure

## IV. PREVENTION AND DETERRENCE

- A. Unit Objectives
  - 1. To provide student(s) with a working knowledge of methods of preventing terrorist activities
  - 2. Introduce Community Based Policing
  - 3. Identify techniques and activities that aid in the prevention of terrorist activities
- B. Introduction to Community Based Policing
  - 1. Role of the law enforcement officer in the prevention and deterrence of terrorist acts
  - 2. Community Policing
  - 3. Responding to victims and reducing citizen fear
- C. Indication of Suspicious Criminal and Non-criminal activities
  - 1. Pre-incident Incident indicators of Terrorism
  - 2. Seven Signs of Terrorism
    - a. Surveillance
    - b. Elicitation
    - c. Testing Security
    - d. Acquiring supplies
    - e. Suspicious persons who do not belong
    - f. Dry or trial runs
    - g. Deploying assets
- D. Field Interview (FI) and Contact Cards (CC)
  - 1. Cues to deception
  - 2. Field interview techniques
  - 3. Formal / Legal questions versus conversational questions
  - 4. Language barriers
  - 5. Cultural differences
  - 6. Questions to ask during a contact
- E. Traffic Enforcement
  - 1. Receipt of Information
  - 2. Observations after the stop
- F. Counterfeit and Altered Identity Documents
  - 1. Security features of ID documents

- 2. Common ID counterfeiting techniques
- 3. Social Security cards easily obtained
- 4. Methods used to detect fraudulent documents
- 5. Points of Identification
- G. Legal Issues
  - 1. Federal cases
    - a. People vs. Robinson
    - b. Whren vs. United States
    - c. People vs. Reynolds
    - d. People vs. Glenn
- H. Case Study
  - 1. Whren vs. United States
    - a. Facts of the case
    - b. Questions presented
    - c. Illegal Immigrants
- I. Conclusion
  - 1. Identify Community Based Policing
  - 2. Identify Criminal vs. non-Criminal Behavior
  - 3. Utilization of Field Interview Cards and Contact Cards
  - 4. Identify techniques that aid in terrorist activity prevention and deterrence
  - 5. Identify common characteristics associated with counterfeit and altered documents
  - 6. Discuss general legal issues associated with prevention and deterrence of terrorist activities

## V. CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, NUCLEAR AND EXPLOSIVE DEVICES

- A. Unit Objectives
  - 1. Identification of CBRNE indicators
  - 2. Classification of Chemical Hazards
  - 3. Indicators for Biological Agents
- B. Introduction to CBRNE and Response Phases
  - 1. Difference between hazardous materials and terrorist CBRNE attacks
  - 2. Response to CBRNE incidents
    - a. Notification Phase
    - b. Response Phase
    - c. Recovery Phase

- C. CBRNE Dissemination Devices
  - 1. Direct deposit devices
  - 2. Breaking devices
  - 3. Bursting or exploding devices
  - 4. Spraying devices
  - 5. Vectors
- D. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
  - 1. Level A
  - 2. Level B
  - 3. Level C
  - 4. Level D
- E. Physical and Mental Stressors while in PPE
  - 1. Physiological Factors
  - 2. Psychological Factors
- F. Zone Establishment
  - 1. Downwind Hazard Analysis
  - 2. Exclusion Zone
  - 3. Contamination Zone
  - 4. Support Zone
- G. Classification of Chemical Agents
  - 1. Chemical Warfare Agents
  - 2. Toxic Industrial Chemicals (TIC)
  - 3. Toxic Industrial Materials (TIM)
- H. Characteristics of Chemical Agents
  - 1. Types of agents
  - 2. Dissemination
  - 3. Availability
  - 4. Odor
  - 5. Routes of entry
  - 6. General Signs and or symptoms
  - 7. Characteristics upon dissemination
- I. Toxic Industrial Chemicals (TIC), Toxic Industrial Materials (TIM)
  - 1. TIC / TIM use as a weapon
  - 2. Sources of TIC / TIM
- J. Nerve Agents
  - 1. Tabun (GA)

- 2. Sarin (GB)
- 3. Soman (GD)
- 4. VX

#### K. Blister Agents

- 1. Mustard
- 2. Characteristics upon dissemination
- L. Blood Agents
  - 1. Hydrogen Cyanide (HCN)
  - 2. Cyanogen Chloride (C1CN)
  - 3. Chlorine
  - 4. Characteristics upon dissemination
- M. Choking Agents
  - 1. Phosgene
  - 2. Chlorine
  - 3. Characteristics upon dissemination
- N. Biological Agents
  - 1. Bacteria
    - a. Anthrax
    - b. Yersinia Pestis
    - c. Francisella Tularensis
  - 2. Viruses
    - a. Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers (VHF)
    - b. Small Pox
  - 3. Toxins
    - a. Ricin
    - b. Botulinum
  - 4. Advantages and Disadvantages of using Biological Agents as a Weapon of Mass Destruction
- O. Radiological Hazards
  - 1. Radiological Dispersal Device (RDD)
  - 2. Common Radiation Exposures
  - 3. Indicators of Radiological Material
  - 4. Health hazards and risks
- P. Exposure vs. Contamination
  - 1. External exposure contamination
  - 2. Internal exposure contamination
  - 3. Time, Distance and Shielding

- Q. Nuclear Weapons
  - 1. Use of a nuclear device
  - 2. Psychosocial Impact
- R. Explosive Materials
  - 1. Classification Type
  - 2. Classification by sensitivity
- S. Improvised Explosive Devices (IED)
  - 1. Components of an IED
    - a. Power sources
    - b. Initiators
    - c. Explosives
    - d. Switches
  - 2. Effects of an explosion
    - a. Incendiary effect
    - b. Fragmentation effect
    - c. Shrapnel effect
- T. Responding to a pre-blast incident
  - 1. Safety Procedures
  - 2. Priority Actions
  - 3. Scene Survey Techniques
- U. Multiple Devices
  - 1. Guidelines for responding to an Incident involving multiple devices
  - 2. Law Enforcement Response Priorities
- V. Conclusion
  - 1. Discuss dissemination devices
  - 2. Discuss classifications of chemical hazards
  - 3. Identify indicators for biological agents
  - 4. Identify the indicators and detection methods for radiological agents
  - 5. Identify indicators, hazards for explosive devices

#### VI. INCIDENT COMMAND AND LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE ACTIONS

- A. Unit Objectives
  - 1. Identify the functions and responsibilities associated with the Incident Command System
  - 2. Discuss the purpose and function of the ICS
  - 3. Utilization of the Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG)
  - 4. Development of an Incident Action Plan

- B. Introduction to the Incident Command System
  - 1. Command Function
  - 2. Operations Section
  - 3. Logistics Section
  - 4. Planning Section
  - 5. Finance / Administrative Section
- C. Unified Command System (UCS)
  - 1. Transition to Unified Command
  - 2. Unified Command Structure
  - 3. Incident Objectives
- D. Establishment of Zones
  - 1. Contamination reduction zone
  - 2. Support zone
  - 3. Cold zone
- E. Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG)
  - 1. Material ID Number
  - 2. Material Name
  - 3. Placard
  - 4. Isolate and protect distance
- F. Downwind Hazard Tabletop Exercise #1
  - 1. Learning activity (Mustard Agent)
  - 2. Discuss and debrief incident
- G. Downwind Hazard Tabletop Exercise #2
  - 1. Learning Activity (Nerve Agent)
  - 2. Discuss and debrief incident
- H. Purpose of the Incident Action Plan (IAP)
  - 1. Incident objectives and strategies
  - 2. Written Plan
  - 3. Operational periods
  - 4. Construction of Incident Action Plans
  - 5. Implementation of Incident Action Plans
- I. Law Enforcement Response Actions
  - 1. Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)
  - 2. Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
  - 3. Location of Incident Command Post
  - 4. Establishment of perimeters
  - 5. Documentation of actions and observations

- 6. Evidence preservation
- J. Tactical Considerations and Actions
  - 1. Proper level of PPE
  - 2. Crew rotation
  - 3. Weather considerations
  - 4. Staging areas
  - 5. Resource positioning
  - 6. Evacuation issues

# VII. POST TEST AND GRADUATION WITH CERFTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

- A. Post test and Review
  - 1. Test responders knowledge
  - 2. Review curriculum
- B. Evaluations
  - 1. Critique course
  - 2. Critique instructors
- C. Graduation
  - 1. Present student with a certificate of completion
  - 2. Course complete